



Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund

Manager's Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 7 April 2025

Keep up to date ...

... with the performance of this and other Artemis funds throughout the year on Artemis' website



- Monthly fund commentaries and factsheets
- Market and fund insights
- Fund briefings and research articles
- Daily fund prices
- Fund literature

artemisfunds.com

GENERAL INFORMATION

Company profile

Artemis is a leading UK-based fund manager, offering a range of funds which invest in the UK, Europe, the US and around the world.

As a dedicated, active investment house, we specialise in investment management for both retail and institutional investors across Europe.

Independent and owner-managed, Artemis opened for business in 1997. Its aim was, and still is, exemplary investment performance and client service. All Artemis' staff share these two precepts – and the same flair and enthusiasm for fund management.

The firm now manages some £28.3 billion* across a range of funds, an investment trust and both pooled and segregated institutional portfolios.

Our managers invest in their own and their colleagues' funds. This has been a basic tenet of the Artemis approach since the firm started. It means that interests of our fund managers are directly aligned with those of our investors.

* Source: Artemis as at 30 April 2025

Fund status

Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund was constituted by a Trust Deed dated 1 May 1990 and is an authorised unit trust scheme under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. The fund belongs to the category of UK UCITS schemes as defined in the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ('COLL') of the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA').

Buying and selling

Units may be bought and sold by contacting the manager by telephone, at the address on page 5 or via the website **artemisfunds.com**. Valuation of the fund takes place each dealing day at 12 noon on a forward pricing basis. The current list of non-dealing days impacting the fund is published on our website at www.artemisfunds.com/non-dealing-days. Investors are reminded that past performance is not a guarantee of performance in the future and that the price of units and the revenue from them can fall as well as rise.

OBJECTIVE AND INVESTMENT POLICY

Objective	To grow capital	over a five year period.					
Investment policy	What the fund invests in	80% to 100% in company shares. Up to 20% in bonds, cash and near cash, other transferable securities, other funds (up to 10%) managed by Artemis and third party funds, money market instruments, and derivatives.					
	Use of derivatives The fund may use derivatives portfolio management p reduce risk manage the fund effici						
	Where the fund invests	• Globally					
	Industries the fund invests in	• Any					
	Other limitations specific to this fund	• None					
Investment strategy	foundation of financial chara those that are trading on low The managers have good 'Sm mean that the valuations that forecasts, and community, who will be something that the second that the community, who will be second to second the second that the valuations that the community, who will be second to second the second that the sec	tively managed. tool called 'SmartGARP' is used as the the investment process. It screens the acteristics of companies by identifying growing faster than the market but are er valuations than the market. selects companies that in aggregate artGARP' characteristics. This tends to portfolio contains stocks that have lower in the market average, upgrades to profit are under-owned by the investment hile at the same time benefiting from in the wider economy.					
Benchmarks	stock markets a 'comparator performance of fund is not res • IA Global NR A group of oth in similar asse Investment As benchmark' ag	indicator of the performance of global, in which the fund invests. It acts as benchmark' against which the fund's can be compared. Management of the tricted by this benchmark. er asset managers' funds that invest types as this fund, collated by the isociation. It acts as a 'comparator gainst which the fund's performance can Management of the fund is not restricted					

RISK AND REWARD PROFILE

Potentially lower rewards Lower risk 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

- The fund is in the category shown due to historic volatility (how much and how quickly the value of shares in the fund may have risen and fallen in the past due to movements in markets, currencies and interest rates). It may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund.
- The risk category has been calculated using historic data and may not be a reliable indicator of the fund's future risk profile.
- A risk indicator of "1" does not mean that the investment is "risk free".

The risk indicator may not fully take into account the following risks and the following may affect fund performance:

- Market volatility risk: The value of the fund and any income from it can fall or rise because of movements in stock markets, currencies and interest rates, each of which can move irrationally and be affected unpredictably by diverse factors, including political and economic events.
- Currency risk: The fund's assets may be priced in currencies other than the fund base currency. Changes in currency exchange rates can therefore affect the fund's value.
- Emerging markets risk: Compared to more established economies, investments in emerging markets may be subject to greater volatility due to differences in generally accepted accounting principles, less governed standards or from economic or political instability. Under certain market conditions assets may be difficult to sell.
- Charges from capital risk: Where charges are taken wholly or partly out of a fund's capital, distributable income may be increased at the expense of capital, which may constrain or erode capital growth.

There was no change to the risk indicator in the year ended 7 April 2025.

Please refer to the fund's prospectus for full details of these and other risks which are applicable to this fund.

OTHER INFORMATION

Prospectus

Copies of the most recent Prospectus are available free of charge from the manager at the address on page 5.

Remuneration

As the Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund (the "fund") is a UK UCITS scheme, Artemis Fund Managers Limited ("AFML") as manager is required to make these disclosures. Artemis operates its remuneration policies and practices at a group level which includes both Artemis Investment Management LLP and its subsidiary AFML. Details of the group remuneration policies are available on Artemis' website artemisfunds.com. Remuneration levels are set to attract, retain and motivate talented partners and staff and align the long term interests of partners and staff with those of our clients.

The remuneration policies which apply to all partners and staff across the group are overseen by the Remuneration Committee. The members of the Remuneration Committee are all non-executive officers. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for setting and overseeing the implementation of Artemis' remuneration policy, including approving the remuneration of partners and other senior staff. The Remuneration Committee will regularly review the remuneration policy to ensure it remains appropriate. The Remuneration Committee considers inputs from Artemis' Risk and Compliance functions when reviewing remuneration issues, including any risk adjustments or controls considered necessary.

The Artemis remuneration period runs from 1 January to 31 December. Certain partners and staff are classified as 'Identified Staff' as their professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the firm. The payment of some of their variable remuneration (which may include profit share for partners) is deferred. Further, Artemis has the ability to reduce all or part of deferred variable remuneration that has been previously allocated to identified staff both (a) before the end of the vesting period and (b) within two years following the payment of any elements of variable remuneration.

No staff are employed by AFML directly. Staff are employed and paid by other entities of Artemis. Artemis has apportioned the total amount of remuneration paid to all 209 Artemis partners and staff in respect of AFML's duties performed for the UCITS schemes based on the number of funds. It has estimated that the total amount of remuneration paid in respect of duties for the funds for the year ended 31 December 2024 is £1,165,543 of which £488,892 is fixed remuneration and £676,651 is variable remuneration.

The aggregate amount of remuneration paid to UCITS Remuneration Code and Identified Staff that is attributable to duties for the funds for the year ended 31 December 2024 is £478,101. Code and Identified Staff are those senior individuals whose managerial responsibilities or professional activities could influence, and have a material impact on, the

overall risk profile of each regulated entity and the funds it manages.

For the purposes of UCITS Remuneration Code, the AFML Code staff are the members of Artemis' Management and Executive Committees, certain fund managers and others in specified roles. This includes certain individuals who are partners in Artemis Investment Management LLP.

Tax information reporting

UK tax legislation requires fund managers to provide information to HM Revenue & Customs ('HMRC') on certain investors who purchase units in unit trusts. Accordingly, the fund may have to provide information annually to HMRC on the tax residencies of those unitholders that are tax resident outwith the UK, in those countries that have signed up to the OECD's ('Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development') Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (the 'Common Reporting Standard'), or the United States (under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, 'FATCA').

All new unitholders that invest in the fund must complete a certification form as part of the application form. Existing unitholders may also be contacted by the Registrar should any extra information be needed to correctly determine their tax residence. Failure to provide this information may result in the account being reported to HMRC.

For further information, please see HMRC's Quick Guide: Automatic Exchange of Information – information for account holders: gov.uk/government/publications/exchangeof information-account-holders.

Value assessment

Artemis Fund Managers Limited (AFML) has conducted a detailed assessment of whether its funds are providing value to unitholders. AFML must publish publicly, on an annual basis, a statement setting out a summary of the outcome of the process and whether or not AFML believes the payments out of the scheme property are justified in the context of the overall value delivered to unitholders. Composite reports on Assessment of Value have been published via the website artemisfunds.com.

Taskforce for Climate-Related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD")

In accordance with the FCA's requirements under the Environmental, Social and Governance Sourcebook, Artemis is required to publish disclosures consistent with the Taskforce on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023. The entity-level TCFD report contains information about how Artemis manages climate-related risks and opportunities in investment portfolios and across its business operations and the product-level TCFD report contains certain climate related metrics required to be published for Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund. These TCFD reports, which were published on 30 June 2024, can be found here: www. artemisfunds.com/tcfd.

Manager

Artemis Fund Managers Limited *
Cassini House
57 St James's Street
London SW1A 1LD

Dealing information:
Artemis Fund Managers Limited
Sunderland SR43 4BH
Telephone: 0800 092 2051
Website: artemisfunds.com

Investment adviser

Artemis Investment Management LLP *
Cassini House
57 St James's Street
London SW1A 1LD

Trustee and Depositary

Northern Trust Investor Services Limited * 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London E14 5NT

Registrar

Northern Trust UK Global Services SE[†] 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London F14 5NT

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP Atria One 144 Morrison Street Edinburgh EH3 8EX

[†]Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority ('PRA'), 20 Moorgate, London EC2R 6DA and regulated by the PRA and the FCA.

^{*}Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

STATEMENTS OF RESPONSIBILITIES

Statement of the Trustee's Responsibilities in Respect of the Scheme and Report of the Trustee to the Unitholders of the Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund ("the Trust") for the year ended 7 April 2025.

The Trustee in its capacity as Trustee of Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund must ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together "the Regulations"), the Trust Deed and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below.

The Trustee must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Trust and its investors.

The Trustee is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Trust in accordance with the Regulations.

The Trustee must ensure that:

- the Trust's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Trust is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of units of the Trust are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Trust's assets is remitted to the Trust within the usual time limits;
- the Trust's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ("the AFM"), are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Trustee also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Trust.

Having carried out such procedures as we considered necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Trustee of the Trust, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that, in all material respects the Trust, acting through the AFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Trust's units and the application of the Trust's income in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Trust in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust.

Northern Trust Investor Services Limited London 5 June 2025

Statement of the manager's responsibilities

COLL requires the manager to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the fund and of its revenue and expenditure for the year.

In preparing the financial statements the manager is required to:

- (i) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- (ii) comply with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association in May 2014 ('SORP');
- (iii) follow applicable accounting standards;
- (iv) keep proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- (v) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- (vi) prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the fund will continue in operation.

The manager is responsible for the management of the fund in accordance with its Trust Deed, Prospectus and COLL.

The manager is also responsible for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the manager

We hereby approve the Manager's Report and Financial Statements of the Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund for the year ended 7 April 2025 on behalf of Artemis Fund Managers Limited in accordance with the requirements of COLL as issued and amended by the FCA.

T Johnston Director Artemis Fund Managers Limited London 5 June 2025 S Dougall Director

AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of the Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 7 April 2025, which comprise the Statement of Total Return, the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders, the Balance Sheet, the related notes and the Distribution Tables, and the accounting policies of the Fund, which include a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 7 April 2025 and of the net revenue and the net capital losses on the scheme property of the Fund for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the "FRC") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from the date the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Manager with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not

a guarantee as to the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Manager is responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA")

In our opinion:

- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA and the Trust Deed; and
- there is nothing to indicate that adequate accounting records have not been kept or that the financial statements are not in agreement with those records; and
- the information given in the Manager's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matter in relation to which the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

 we have not received all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of the Manager

As explained more fully in the Manager's responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such

internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to wind up or terminate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Fund and determined that the most significant are United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP), Investment Management Association's Statement of Recommended Practice (IMA SORP), the FCA Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Fund's Trust Deed and the Prospectus.
- We understood how the Fund is complying with those frameworks through discussions with the Manager and the Fund's administrator and a review of the Fund's documented policies and procedures.

- We assessed the susceptibility of the Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering the risk of management override, specifically management's propensity to influence revenue and amounts available for distribution. We identified a fraud risk in relation to incomplete or inaccurate income recognition through incorrect classification of special dividends and the resulting impact on amounts available for distribution. We tested the appropriateness of management's classification of a sample of special dividends as either a revenue or capital return.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved review of the reporting to the Manager with respect to the application of the documented policies and procedures and review of the financial statements to test compliance with the reporting requirements of the Fund.
- Due to the regulated nature of the Fund, the Statutory Auditor considered the experience and expertise of the engagement team to ensure that the team had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Fund's unitholders, as a body, pursuant to Paragraph 4.5.12 of the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's unitholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's unitholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor Edinburgh 6 June 2025

INVESTMENT REVIEW

Main changes to the fund

It was a dynamic period for markets, in particular the latter half, with the US election and ensuing inauguration of President Donald Trump, which brought with it intense volatility as he set about deploying his policy agenda. This required us to be nimble, with the majority of the largest transactions in the fund within our US exposure.

Our largest purchases over the year were NVIDIA, Pfizer, Primerica, and General Motors. With regards to NVIDIA, despite it trading at a premium, analyst sentiment, growth and share price momentum were extremely strong as we moved through the start of 2024, leading to a high SmartGARP score. We therefore chose to reduce the underweight in the position.

To fund these purchases, we reduced our holdings in Microsoft, Dell, Hartford Insurance, and PICC Property and Casualty.

The fund's high-level characteristics are largely unchanged – we continue to trade at a significant valuation discount to the market while maintaining attractive growth and income characteristics. At a regional level, little has changed. We remain heavily overweight to emerging markets and Europe, with a substantial underweight to the US (45% fund vs. 64% index). At a sector level, we are overweight banks, and less so food & beverages and basic resources.

Explaining the fund's performance

Over the period the fund performed in line with the benchmark returning -3.6% vs. the MSCI AC World NR GBP index's return of -3.6%*.

At a country level, it was our exposure to China, and the UK that drove relative returns. This was offset by our underweight in the US despite that market experiencing weakness in the last few days of the period.

At a sector level, consumer staples and financials were additive, while technology and consumer discretionary detracted.

Stocks of note were Imperial Brands (tobacco), Unum (insurance) and China CITIC (bank). On the negative side, Merck, Toyota and the lack of exposure to Apple all held back performance.

The wider context

It was perhaps one of the most volatile periods since Covid and the Global Financial Crisis.

Intense optimism was evident as we moved through the second half of 2024 and reached a peak as we closed out 2024.

What followed was tariff mania, as markets grappled with the prospect of a global order that seemed to be cracking at a rapid rate. The final few days of the period contained 'Liberation Day' where we saw peak uncertainty around the future state of the world.

Looking ahead

Following significant changes to policy direction in the US, it seems unlikely (although we are reluctant to make predictions) that we will go back to a period of 'US exceptionalism' that we have experienced for the last 10 years.

Other areas of the globe are increasingly looking more interesting and do not require as much good news to support the valuations of their share prices. We will continue to steer the portfolio towards areas where the market is overly pessimistic, and the reality warrants more optimism.

Raheel Altaf

Fund manager

Past performance is not a guide to the future.

^{*} Source: Artemis, class I accumulation GBP. All figures show total returns with dividends and/or income reinvested, net of all charges. Performance does not take account of any costs incurred when investors buy or sell the fund. Returns may vary as a result of currency fluctuations if the investor's currency is different to that of the class. This class may have charges or a hedging approach different from those in the IA sector benchmark.

INVESTMENT INFORMATION

Ten largest purchases and sales for the year ended 7 April 2025

Purchases	Cost £′000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
NVIDIA	16,406	Microsoft	15,395
Alphabet 'A'	12,549	Unum Group	11,509
Pfizer	10,532	Exxon Mobil	8,781
Primerica	8,358	Reinsurance Group of America	8,704
HCA Healthcare	7,506	Dell Technologies	8,220
General Motors	7,496	Matson	8,168
Synchrony Financial	7,381	Merck	8,147
Allison Transmission Holdings	7,063	Hartford Financial Services Group	7,965
Citigroup	6,916	Walmart	7,846
Cisco Systems	6,343	PICC Property & Casualty 'H'	7,805

Portfolio statement as at 7 April 2025

	Holding	Valuation £'000	% of net assets
Equities 99.94% (99.66%)			
Brazil 3.30% (3.46%)			
Banco do Brasil	895,200	3,341	0.73
Pagseguro Digital	493,496	3,024	0.67
Petroleo Brasileiro, ADR	655,839	6,709	1.48
TIM	848,800	1,913	0.42
		14,987	3.30
Canada 1.19% (0.31%)			
Lundin Gold	238,032	5,420	1.19
		5,420	1.19
China 14.95% (14.80%)			
Alibaba Group Holding	381,500	3,875	0.85
Bank of China 'H'	13,394,500	5,552	1.22
Bank of Communications 'H'	10,366,061	6,679	1.47
BOC Hong Kong Holdings	1,547,986	4,428	0.98
China CITIC Bank	3,344,000	1,866	0.41
China Construction Bank 'H'	9,217,536	5,810	1.28
China Hongqiao Group	3,111,000	3,815	0.84
China Mobile	320,000	2,529	0.56
China Suntien Green Energy 'H'	4,565,000	1,617	0.36
CMOC	4,752,000	2,289	0.50
CNOOC	1,703,000	2,666	0.59
Geely Automobile Holdings	3,526,000	4,742	1.04
Industrial & Commercial Bank of China 'H'	11,539,725	5,837	1.29
JD.com	287,350	3,645	0.80
PetroChina	3,516,000	1,874	0.41
Qifu Technology, ADR	128,098	3,819	0.84
Sinotrans 'H'	13,935,074	4,503	0.99
SITC International	1,437,909	2,352	0.52
		67,898	14.95
Denmark 0.00% (1.32%)			
France 1.33% (3.19%)			
AXA	45,920	1,405	0.31
Gaztransport Et Technigaz	44,360	4,651	1.02
		6,056	1.33
Germany 1.21% (2.57%)			
Muenchener Rueckversicherungs-Gesellschaftin Muenchen	9,183	4,163	0.91
_	0		

	Holding	Valuation £'000	% of net assets
Equities 99.94% (99.66%) (continued)			
Germany 1.21% (2.57%) (continued)			
TeamViewer	145,670	1,348	0.30
		5,511	1.21
Greece 0.59% (1.11%)			
National Bank of Greece	387,415	2,671	0.59
		2,671	0.59
Hong Kong 0.87% (0.75%)			
China Metal Recycling Holdings ^	1,040,800	-	_
United Laboratories International Holdings	2,804,000	3,163	0.70
Yue Yuen Industrial	769,500	799	0.17
		3,962	0.87
India 0.28% (0.00%)			
Hindalco Industries	248,700	1,274	0.28
		1,274	0.28
Ireland 0.28% (1.02%)			
AIB Group	295,298	1,289	0.28
		1,289	0.28
Italy 1.61% (1.90%)			
Intesa Sanpaolo	380,081	1,260	0.28
Poste Italiane	467,397	6,034	1.33
		7,294	1.61
Japan 6.95% (6.32%)			
Asahi Kasei	834,300	4,021	0.89
Daifuku	149,600	2,587	0.57
ITOCHU	104,800	3,374	0.74
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group	253,100	2,018	0.44
SCREEN	80,300	3,383	0.75
Sojitz	86,800	1,285	0.28
Sony Group	138,500	2,221	0.49
Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group Suzuki Motor	262,800 518,900	4,020 4,344	0.89 0.96
Toray Industries	278,000	1,287	0.96
Toyota Tsusho	266,900	3,018	0.66
Toyota Isaano	200,000	31,558	6.95
Netherlands 0.00% (0.60%)		01,000	0.50
Norway 0.32% (0.00%)			
Equinor	81,655	1,434	0.32
Equilor	01,033	1,434	0.32
Russia 0.00% (0.00%)		דטרוו	0.52
Gazprom, ADR ^	180,460	_	
LUKOIL, ADR^	22,953	_	_
Editole, NBN	22,000	_	_
South Korea 1.25% (1.31%)			_
Hankook Tire & Technology	69,158	1,358	0.30
JB Financial Group	357,225	3,083	0.30
Korean Air Lines	113,467	1,242	0.27
	,	5,683	1.25
Spain 6.44% (4.96%)		-,-3-	
ACS Actividades de Construccion y Servicios	117,303	4,683	1.03
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria	740,842	6,792	1.50
Banco Santander	284,913	1,267	0.28
	The state of the s		

	Holding	Valuation £'000	% of net assets
Equities 99.94% (99.66%) (continued)			
Spain 6.44% (4.96%) (continued)			
Endesa	147,825	2,919	0.64
Iberdrola	245,263	3,042	0.67
Indra Sistemas	316,543	6,740	1.48
		29,252	6.44
Switzerland 1.21% (0.19%)			
Novartis	68,089	5,478	1.21
		5,478	1.21
Taiwan 3.01% (1.36%)			
Asustek Computer	179,000	2,296	0.51
Evergreen Marine Taiwan	564,000	2,720	0.60
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing, ADR	75,550	8,638	1.90
		13,654	3.01
Thailand 0.39% (0.46%)			
TMBThanachart Bank	40,390,800	1,777	0.39
		1,777	0.39
United Arab Emirates 0.57% (0.84%)			
Emirates NBD Bank	640,880	2,585	0.57
		2,585	0.57
United Kingdom 7.83% (6.82%)			
Aviva	568,665	2,836	0.62
Babcock International Group	1,006,055	6,509	1.43
BAE Systems	211,102	3,159	0.70
Coca-Cola HBC	91,161	3,070	0.68
Hikma Pharmaceuticals	71,633	1,305	0.29
HSBC Holdings	543,366	4,036	0.89
Imperial Brands	393,565	10,685	2.35
Just Group	1,912,080	2,272	0.50
NatWest Group	407,782	1,672	0.37
		35,544	7.83
United States of America 46.36% (46.37%)			
AbbVie	46,195	6,729	1.48
Albertsons Cos	245,529	4,200	0.93
Alphabet 'A'	121,169	13,746	3.03
Altria Group	219,241	9,587	2.11
Amazon.com	63,799	8,505	1.87
Arista Networks	23,862	1,197	0.26
Bank OZK	77,421	2,302	0.51
Broadcom	43,504	4,960	1.09
Cardinal Health	45,663	4,613	1.02
Cencora	21,636	4,699	1.04
Cisco Systems	128,701	5,469	1.20
Citigroup	113,074	5,107	1.12
Coterra Energy	218,394	4,274	0.94
Diamondback Energy	25,344	2,437	0.54
Equitable Holdings	151,690	5,332	1.17
General Motors Gilead Sciences	353,981 66.485	12,201	2.69
GSK GSK	66,485 78 201	5,559	1.22
	78,291 32,001	1,060	0.23
Gulfport Energy	32,001 99,958	4,034 4,645	0.89 1.02
Halozyme Therapeutics HCA Healthcare	5,501	4,645 1,424	0.31
HEICO	22,635	4,259	0.94
TILLOO	22,035	4,239	0.94

	Holding	Valuation £′000	% of net assets
Equities 99.94% (99.66%) (continued)			
United States of America 46.36% (46.37%) (continued)			
Johnson & Johnson	24,158	2,885	0.64
JPMorgan Chase	47,417	7,774	1.71
Leidos Holdings	15,340	1,593	0.35
Matson	15,182	1,327	0.29
McKesson	15,376	8,187	1.80
Meta Platforms 'A'	22,678	8,924	1.97
Microsoft	19,226	5,392	1.19
Molson Coors Beverage	99,083	4,723	1.04
Netflix	3,907	2,606	0.57
Norwegian Cruise Line	98,683	1,206	0.27
NVIDIA	192,105	14,121	3.11
Pfizer	465,069	8,336	1.84
Pilgrim's Pride	86,527	3,371	0.74
Primerica	36,316	7,021	1.55
Qualcomm	60,276	5,989	1.32
Steel Dynamics	50,153	4,270	0.94
Synchrony Financial	102,289	3,491	0.77
Tyson Foods	63,520	2,961	0.65
		210,516	46.36
Equities total		453,842	99.94
Warrants 0.00% (0.00%)			
Kiatnakin Phatra Bank 31/12/2026 Warrants total	140,992	4 4	- -
Investment assets		453,846	99.94
Net other assets		293	0.06
Net assets attributable to unitholders		454,139	100.00
access att access to attractional o		10 1/100	100.00

The comparative percentage figures in brackets are as at 7 April 2024.

^ Unlisted, suspended or delisted security. Depositary receipts with underlying exposure to Russian assets have been valued at nil due to the current sanctions in place. The manager continues to monitor and assess the valuation as information becomes available.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of total return for the year ended 7 April 2025

		7 /	April 2025	7 <i>P</i>	April 2024
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital (losses)/gains	3		(28,387)		77,179
Revenue	5	20,603		20,939	
Expenses	6	(5,369)		(5,458)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(19)	_	(8)	
Net revenue before taxation		15,215		15,473	
Taxation	8	(1,796)	_	(1,940)	
Net revenue after taxation		_	13,419	_	13,533
Total return before distributions			(14,968)		90,712
Distributions	9	_	(13,431)	_	(13,649)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities			(28,399)		77,063

Statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year ended 7 April 2025

	7 April 2025		7 April 202	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders		530,142		506,474
Amounts receivable on issue of units	40,851		30,151	
Amounts payable on cancellation of units	(101,048)	_	(95,959)	
		(60,197)		(65,808)
Dilution adjustment		6		-
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities		(28,399)		77,063
Retained distribution on accumulation units	_	12,587	_	12,413
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders		454,139		530,142

Balance Sheet as at 7 April 2025

	Note	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Assets			
Fixed assets			
Investments	10	453,846	528,361
Current assets			
Debtors	11	5,430	6,575
Cash and cash equivalents	12	417	992
Total current assets		5,847	7,567
Total assets		459,693	535,928
Liabilities			
Creditors			
Distribution payable		92	14
Other creditors	13	5,462	5,772
Total creditors		5,554	5,786
Total liabilities		5,554	5,786
Net assets attributable to unitholders		454,139	530,142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Accounting policies

- (a) Basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investments, in accordance with FRS 102 and the Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP") issued by the Investment Management Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017 and the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ('COLL'). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The manager believes that the fund has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. No material events have been identified that may cast significant doubt about the fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from the date the financial statements are authorised for issue.
- (b) Valuation of investments. All investments, including any derivatives, have been valued at 12 noon on the last working day of the accounting period. The last valuation point in the period has been used for the purposes of preparing the report and financial statements and in the manager's opinion there have been no material movements in the fund between the last valuation point and close of business on the balance sheet date. Where a fund invests in markets that are closed for trading at the fund's valuation point, the manager will allow for the net asset value to be adjusted (based on movements of index futures or other suitable proxies in markets closed at the fund valuation point, since the last market close), to reflect more accurately the fair value of the fund's investments. Listed investments are valued at fair value which is generally deemed to be the bid price. Unquoted investments are valued at fair value which is determined by the manager, with reference to the valuation guidelines issued by the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines Board.
- (c) Foreign exchange rates. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at 12 noon on the last working day of the accounting period. Revenue and expenditure transactions are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on the dates of the transactions. Exchange differences on such transactions follow the same treatment as the principal amounts.
- (d) Revenue. Dividends receivable from equity and non-equity shares, including Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs"), are credited to revenue, net of attributable tax credits, when the security is quoted ex-dividend. Dividends received as shares (scrip/stock dividends), to the extent that the value of such dividends is equal to the cash dividends, are treated as revenue. Dividends on unquoted stocks are credited to revenue when the right to receive payment is established. Dividends are recognised gross of any overseas tax. Overseas tax is included as part of the tax charge. A provision is made for any overseas tax not considered recoverable at the balance sheet date, whether due to uncertainty as to receipt either due to circumstances or recovery experience in specific jurisdictions, or due to the significant time lag since the receipt of the dividend. Special dividends are reviewed on a case by case basis when determining if a dividend is to be treated as revenue or capital. It is likely that where a special dividend

- results in a significant reduction in the capital value of a holding, then the dividend will generally be treated as capital, otherwise this will be recognised as revenue. Bank interest and interest on margin accounts held with brokers is recognised as revenue on an accruals basis.
- **(e)** Expenses. All expenses (other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments) are initially charged against revenue on an accruals basis. Portfolio transaction costs are incurred by funds when buying and selling investments. These costs vary depending on the types of investment and are made up of direct and indirect portfolio transaction costs. Direct portfolio transaction costs include Broker execution commission and taxes. Indirect portfolio transaction costs relate to the 'Dealing spread', which is the difference between the purchase and sale prices of the fund's investments. Some types of investment, such as fixed interest securities, have no direct transaction costs and only the dealing spread is paid.
- **(f) Taxation.** Corporation tax is charged at a rate of 20% on the excess taxable revenue of the fund. In general, the tax accounting treatment follows that of the principal amount. Deferred tax is provided for all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date other than those recorded as permanent differences. Deferred tax is provided for at the average rate of tax expected to apply. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted to reflect the time value of money.
- **(g) Dilution adjustment.** The fund is priced on a single swinging price basis. The manager has the discretion to charge a dilution adjustment as part of its daily valuation policy. This will mean that in certain circumstances the fund will make adjustments to counter the impact of dealing and other costs on occasions when these are deemed to be significant. In the usual course of business the application of a dilution adjustment will be applied systematically and on a consistent basis.

2. Distribution Policy

The distribution policy of the fund is to distribute/accumulate all available revenue, after deduction of expenses and taxation properly chargeable against revenue. The fund did not satisfy the qualifying investments test of Statutory Instrument 2006/964 Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) Regulations 2006 Regulation 19 and where applicable will pay a dividend distribution. The manager and the trustee have agreed, for the distribution classes only, that 100% of the annual management charge is to be transferred to capital for the purpose of calculating the distribution, as permitted by COLL. Gains and losses on investments and derivatives whether realised or unrealised, if taken to capital are not available for distribution. With the exception of the manager's annual management charge, which is directly attributable to each unit class, all income and expenses are apportioned to each unit class prorata to the value of the net assets of the relevant unit class on the day that the income or expense is recognised. All available net revenue accounted for in accordance with the above policies is distributed to holders of income units or retained and reinvested for holders of accumulation units. Should expenses and taxation together exceed revenue, there will be no distribution and the shortfall will be met from capital.

Distributions which have remained unclaimed by unitholders for six years are credited to the capital property of the fund. Income equalisation applies to the fund. Equalisation applies only to units purchased during the distribution period (group 2 units). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of group 2 units and is refunded to the holders of these units as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for capital gains tax purposes.

3. Net capital (losses)/gains

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Currency gains/(losses)	6	(69)
Forward currency contracts	-	15
Derivative contracts	(1)	5
Non-derivative securities	(28,392)	77,228
Net capital (losses)/gains	(28,387)	77,179

4. Direct transaction costs

For purchases and sales of equities, broker commissions, transfer taxes and stamp duty are paid by the fund on each transaction and are summarised below.

					Year ende	ed 7 April 2025
	Principal £'000	Commissions £'000	Taxes £'000	Total after costs £'000	Commission as a percentage of principal %	Taxes as a percentage of principal %
Purchases						
Equities	417,769	80	199	418,048	0.02	0.05
Sales						
Equities	463,722	95	79	463,548	0.02	0.02
Total		175	278			
Percentage of fund average net assets		0.03%	0.05%			

					Year end	ed 7 April 2024
	Principal £'000	Commissions £'000	Taxes £'000	Total after costs £'000	Commission as a percentage of principal %	Taxes as a percentage of principal %
Purchases						
Equities	571,987	_	513	572,500	_	0.09
Sales						
Equities	629,696	1	227	629,468	_	0.04
Total		1	740			
Percentage of fund average net assets		0.00%	0.15%			

During the year, the fund incurred £nil (2024: £7,000) in capital transaction charges.

Dealing spread

As at the balance sheet date the estimated portfolio dealing spread was 0.09% (2024: 0.10%). This spread represents the difference between the bid and offer prices of each underlying investment expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to its offer price.

5. Revenue

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Overseas dividends	18,824	18,908
UK dividends	1,674	1,911
Bank interest	105	120
Total revenue	20,603	20,939

6. Expenses

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Payable to the manager, associates of the manager and agents of either of them:		
Annual management charge	4,685	4,754
Administration fees	684	704
Total expenses	5,369	5,458

All expenditure stated above is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT where applicable.

The audit fee (excluding VAT) accrued during the year was £9,730 (2024: £9,450). This fee is paid by the manager via the administration fee.

7. Interest payable and similar charges

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Interest payable	19	8
Total interest payable and similar charges	19	8

8. Taxation

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
a) Analysis of the tax charge for the year		
Irrecoverable overseas tax	1,796	1,940
Total taxation (note 7b)	1,796	1,940
b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Net revenue before taxation	15,215	15,473
Corporation tax of 20% (2024: 20%)	3,043	3,095
Effects of:		
Irrecoverable overseas tax	1,796	1,940
Unutilised management expenses	948	1,005
Non-taxable UK dividends	21	(19)
Double tax relief	(19)	(12)
Tax on franked dividends	(347)	(382)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(3,646)	(3,687)
Tax charge for the year (note 7a)	1,796	1,940

c) Provision for deferred tax

No provision for deferred tax has been made in the current or prior accounting year.

d) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £15,236,000 (2024: £14,288,000) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses of £76,166,000 (2024: £71,428,000) and non-trade loan relationship deficits of £11,000 (2024: £11,000). It is unlikely that the fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognized.

9. Distributions

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Final dividend distribution	12,679	12,427
Add: amounts deducted on cancellation of units	1,407	1,705
Deduct: amounts added on issue of units	(655)	(483)
Distributions	13,431	13,649
Movement between net revenue and distributions		
Net revenue after taxation	13,419	13,533
Annual management charge paid from capital	12	-
Revenue received on conversion of units		116
	13,431	13,649

The distributions take account of amounts added on the issue of units and amounts deducted on the cancellation of units. Details of the distributions per unit are set out in the distribution tables on page 23.

10. Fair value hierarchy

All investments are designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. The following table provides an analysis of these investments based on the fair value hierarchy in accordance with FRS 102 which reflects the reliability and significance of the information used to measure their fair value.

The disclosure is split into the following categories:

Level 1 - Investments with unadjusted quoted prices in an active market;

Level 2 - Investments whose fair value is based on inputs other than quoted prices that are either directly or indirectly observable;

Level 3 – Investments whose fair value is based on inputs that are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable).

	7 April 2025 Assets £'000	7 April 2024 Assets £'000
Level 1	453,846	528,361
Level 3 *		
Total	453,846	528,361

^{*} Depositary receipts with underlying exposure to Russian assets have been valued at nil due to the current sanctions in place. The manager continues to monitor and assess the valuation as information becomes available.

11. Debtors

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Accrued revenue	2,142	1,835
Sales awaiting settlement	1,902	2,589
Amounts receivable for issue of units	975	1,362
Overseas withholding tax recoverable	411	789
Total debtors	5,430	6,575

12. Cash and cash equivalents

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Amounts held in liquidity funds	288	821
Cash and bank balances	129	171
Total cash and cash equivalents	417	992

13. Other creditors

	7 April 2025 £'000	7 April 2024 £'000
Purchases awaiting settlement	3,090	2,229
Amounts payable for cancellation of units	1,822	2,970
Accrued annual management charge	481	497
Accrued administration fee payable to the manager	69	76
Total other creditors	5,462	5,772

14. Contingent liabilities and commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the current or prior year end.

15. Contingent assets

Following the ruling on Denkavit's case with the European Court of Justice regarding taxation withheld on overseas dividends, the manager has taken steps to make claims with certain European tax authorities for repayment of taxation suffered by the fund on dividend revenue.

Due to uncertainty regarding the likely success of claims made in other countries, it is not possible to estimate the potential amount of overseas tax that may be received by the fund, if any. Therefore, the financial statements presented for the year ended 7 April 2025 do not reflect any further amounts that may be received (2024: nil).

16. Reconciliation of unit movements

	Units in issue at 7 April 2024	Units issued	Units cancelled	Units converted	Units in issue at 7 April 2025
C accumulation	4,217,493	83,313	(400,854)	(83,473)	3,816,479
I distribution	465,496	1,863,424	(163,784)	-	2,165,136
I accumulation	90,775,553	7,312,340	(17,463,259)	122,435	80,747,069
R accumulation	27,027,057	1,109,318	(4,764,809)	(54,011)	23,317,555
S distribution *	_	5,000	_	_	5,000
S accumulation *	_	5,000	-	-	5,000

^{*} Launched on 11 November 2024.

17. Risk disclosures

In pursuing its investment objective, the fund may hold a number of financial instruments. These financial instruments comprise equities, cash balances and liquid resources, which include debtors and creditors that arise directly from the funds' operations. The fund only executes derivative contracts where both the derivative instrument and the counter party have been approved by the manager.

The manager has a risk management policy. The processes detailed within are designed to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the fund's positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the fund. In addition, our Investment Committee and Risk and Compliance Committee meet monthly and quarterly respectively, and as required to evaluate risk across each of our funds. These policies have been consistent for both the current and prior period to which these financial statements relate.

In the normal course of business, the fund's activities expose it to various types of risk which are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. These financial risks: market risk (comprising interest rate risk, currency risk, other market price risk and leverage risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk and the approach to the management of these risks, are set out below and remain unchanged from the previous accounting year. For a detailed explanation of these and further risks involved in investing in the fund, reference should be made to the Prospectus.

(a) Market risk

Market risk, which includes interest rate risk, currency risk, other price risk and leverage risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future values of financial instruments in the fund's investment portfolio. The fund, in order to meet its investment objective and policy, invests predominantly in equities and maintains an appropriate spread of investments in accordance with COLL, the Trust Deed and the Prospectus to seek to reduce the risks arising from factors specific to a particular company or sector. The manager's investment strategy is to select investments for their fundamental value. Stock selection is therefore based on disciplined accounting, market and sector analysis, with the emphasis on long-term investments. There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the fund disclosed in the balance sheet.

(i) Interest rate risk

Changes in interest rates or changes in expectations of future interest rates may result in an increase or decrease in the market value of the investments held. As the majority of the fund's financial assets are non-interest bearing, the fund is only subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in levels of market interest rates and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

(ii) Currency risk

A portion of the net assets of the fund are denominated in currencies other than sterling, and therefore the balance sheet and total return can be affected by currency movements. Therefore, the manager may decide that a proportion of the investments that are not priced in sterling, may be covered by forward currency contracts, so that the fund's exposure to currency risk is reduced. The gain on forward currency contracts for the year was £nil (2024: £15,000).

Revenue received in foreign currencies is converted into sterling on or near the date of receipt. No hedging is undertaken with regard to managing the currency movement risk on accrued revenue.

The exposure to each currency is shown in the table below.

Currency	Investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000
7 April 2025	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
US Dollar	231,646	(994)	230,652
Hong Kong Dollar	68,040	(1,296)	66,744
Euro	52,073	2,359	54,432
Sterling	36,604	(821)	35,783
Japanese Yen	31,558	468	32,026
South Korean Won	5,683	212	5,895
Brazilian Real	5,254	313	5,567
Swiss Franc	5,478	_	5,478
Canadian Dollar	5,420	_	5,420
Taiwan Dollar	5,016	4	5,020
UAE Dirham	2,585	_	2,585
Thai Baht	1,781	-	1,781
Norwegian Krone	1,434	-	1,434
Indian Rupee	1,274	-	1,274
Danish Kroner	-	48	48
7 April 2024			
US Dollar	257,514	753	258,267
Euro	81,306	860	82,166
Hong Kong Dollar	78,549	-	78,549
Sterling	42,767	(917)	41,850
Japanese Yen	33,536	434	33,970
Brazilian Real	11,185	311	11,496
South Korean Won	6,945	126	7,071
Danish Kroner	6,982	47	7,029
UAE Dirham	4,476	_	4,476
Thai Baht	2,443	_	2,443
Canadian Dollar	1,652	-	1,652
Swiss Franc	1,006	_	1,006
Swedish Krona	-	157	157
Taiwan Dollar	_	10	10

A five percent increase in the value of the fund's foreign currency exposure would have the effect of increasing the return and net assets by £20,918,000 (2024: £24,415,000). A five percent decrease would have an equal and opposite effect.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of an instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those relating to interest rate risk, currency risk and credit and counterparty risk), whether caused by factors specific to an investment or wider issues affecting the market generally. The value of equities is dependent on a number of factors, arising from the performance of the company itself and matters arising in the wider market (for example the state of the underlying economy and current government policy). The portfolio is invested in securities domiciled in a number of countries as detailed in the portfolio statement and will be exposed to market movements in the relevant country arising from changes in the local economy and government decisions. As part of the continuing review of the portfolio, the manager monitors and reviews these factors.

A five per cent increase in the value of the fund's portfolio would have the effect of increasing the return and net assets by £22,692,000 (2024: £26,418,000). A five per cent decrease would have an equal and opposite effect.

(iv) Leverage risk

Leverage is defined as any method by which the fund can increase its exposure by borrowing cash or securities or from leverage that is embedded in derivative positions. The manager is required to calculate and monitor the level of leverage of a fund, expressed as a percentage of the exposure of the fund and its net asset value under the commitment method.

The fund can use cash borrowing and financial derivatives (subject to restrictions as set out in its Prospectus and COLL) as sources of leverage.

The maximum level of leverage which the manager may employ on behalf of the fund is 200% under the commitment method. A result of 100% indicates that no leverage has been used.

As at 7 April 2025 and 7 April 2024 the leverage ratios of the fund were:

	7 April 2025	7 April 2024
	%	%
Sum of the notionals	100.3	103.6
Commitment	100.3	100.2

(b) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment it has entered into with the fund, resulting in a financial loss. From time to time, the fund may be subject to short-term credit risk with counterparties pending settlement of investment transactions. The manager has a pre-approved list of counterparties it uses for investment transactions, which is reviewed on a regular basis. The largest counterparty risk is with Northern Trust Investor Services Limited, the fund's custodian and banker, who holds the fund's investments and maintains the bank accounts. Bankruptcy or insolvency of Northern Trust Investor Services Limited may cause the fund's rights with respect to securities and cash held by the custodian to be delayed or limited. The fund is also exposed to counterparty risk through holding specific financial instruments. The manager is permitted to use one or more separate counterparties for derivative transactions. The fund may enter into transactions in over-the-counter ('OTC') markets that expose it to the credit of its counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of such contracts. Where the fund enters into derivative contracts, it will be exposed to the risk that the counterparty may default on its obligations to perform under the relevant contract. In the event of bankruptcy or insolvency of a counterparty, the fund could experience delays in liquidating the position and may incur significant losses. There may be a risk that a counterparty will be unable to meet its obligations with regard to the return of the collateral and may not meet other payments due to the fund. To minimise such risk the manager will assess the creditworthiness of any counterparty that it engages. On a daily basis the manager assesses the level of assets with each counterparty to ensure that the exposure is within the defined limits in accordance with the requirement stipulated in COLL and the Prospectus.

Aside from the custodian and brokers where trades are pending settlement, there were no significant concentrations of credit and counterparty risk as at 7 April 2025 or 7 April 2024.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that through market liquidity conditions, requests for redemptions from investors cannot be met in an orderly and appropriate manner. Artemis adopts a policy of mitigation and control to manage liquidity risks. Mitigation occurs through maintaining prudent levels of liquidity in each fund and a well-diversified investor base. As a result, redemption requests can be satisfied in all but exceptional circumstances.

Artemis has a dedicated liquidity risk management policy which is owned by the independent investment risk team which reports to the Chief Risk Officer. Its purpose is to ensure the portfolio manager acts in the client's best interest with regards to this liquidity risk.

Through the use of 3rd party modeling and assumptions, the investment risk team conduct regular monitoring and analyses of the liquidity profile of the funds and investor base. This includes but is not limited to what percentage of the fund can be liquidated within certain redemption horizons, whether the largest investors in the fund can redeem without affecting the fair treatment of remaining investors, liquidity stress testing and other analysis deemed to cover a risk specific to the strategy considered.

There was no significant concentration of liquidity risk as at 7 April 2025 or 7 April 2024.

17. Related party transactions

The manager is deemed to be a related party. All transactions and balances associated with the manager are disclosed within the statement of total return, statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders and the balance sheet on page 14 and notes 6, 9, 11 and 13 on pages 17 to 19 including all issues and cancellations where the manager acted as principal. The balance due to the manager as at 7 April 2025 in respect of these transactions was £1,397,000 (2024: £2,181,000).

18. Unit classes

The annual management charges on each unit class is as follows:

C accumulation	1.20%
I distribution	0.75%
I accumulation	0.75%
R accumulation	1.50%
S distribution	0.65%
S accumulation	0.65%

The net asset value per unit and the number of units in each class are given in the comparative tables on pages 24 and 25. The distributions per unit class are given in the distribution tables on page 23. All classes have the same rights on winding up.

19. Post balance sheet event

There were no significant post balance sheet events subsequent to the year end.

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

This fund pays annual dividend distributions. The following table sets out the distribution period.

Annual distribution period	Start	End	Ex-dividend date	Pay date
Final	8 April 2024	7 April 2025	8 April 2025	6 June 2025

Group 1 units are those purchased prior to a distribution period and therefore their net revenue rate is the same as the distribution rate.

Group 2 units are those purchased during a distribution period and therefore their distribution rate is made up of net revenue and equalisation. Equalisation applies only to group 2 units purchased during the period. It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all group 2 units and is refunded to holders of these units as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for capital gains tax purposes.

C accumulation

Dividend distributions	Grou	p 2	Group 1 & 2	Corporat	e streaming	2024
for the year ended 7 April 2025	Net revenue per unit (p)	Equalisation per unit (p)	Distribution per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	Distribution per unit (p)
Final	3.5697	5.9927	9.5624	100.00%	0.00%	8.4116

I distribution

Dividend distributions	Group	p 2	Group 1 & 2	Corpora	te streaming	2024
for the year ended	Net revenue	Equalisation	Distribution			Distribution
7 April 2025	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	per unit (p)
Final	1.9894	2.2780	4.2674	100.00%	0.00%	3.1132

I accumulation

Dividend distributions	Grou	p 2	Group 1 & 2	Corporat	e streaming	2024
for the year ended	Net revenue	Equalisation	Distribution			Distribution
7 April 2025	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	per unit (p)
Final	5.2197	7.5483	12.7680	100.00%	0.00%	11.1195

R accumulation

Dividend distributions	Group	o 2	Group 1 & 2	Corporate	e streaming	2024
for the year ended	Net revenue	Equalisation	Distribution			Distribution
7 April 2025	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	per unit (p)
Final	3.1294	5.0701	8.1995	100.00%	0.00%	7.2697

S distribution *

Dividend distributions	Grou	p 2	Group 1 & 2	Corpora	te streaming	2024
for the period ended	Net revenue	Equalisation	Distribution			Distribution
7 April 2025	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	per unit (p)
Final	1.2400	_	1.2400	100.00%	0.00%	_

^{*} Launched on 11 November 2024.

S accumulation *

Dividend distributions	Grou	p 2	Group 1 & 2	Corporat	e streaming	2024
for the period ended	Net revenue	Equalisation	Distribution			Distribution
7 April 2025	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	per unit (p)	Franked	Unfranked	per unit (p)
Final	0.9758	_	0.9758	100.00%	0.00%	_

^{*} Launched on 11 November 2024.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

	C accumulation			I dist	ribution **
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024
Change in net assets per unit (p)					
Opening net asset value per unit	401.11	336.44	349.91	117.33	100.00
Return before operating charges *	(9.87)	69.42	(8.87)	(2.93)	21.27
Operating charges	(5.55)	(4.75)	(4.60)	(1.09)	(0.83)
Return after operating charges *	(15.42)	64.67	(13.47)	(4.02)	20.44
Distributions	(9.56)	(8.41)	(9.11)	(4.27)	(3.11)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	9.56	8.41	9.11_		
Closing net asset value per unit	385.69	401.11	336.44	109.04	117.33
* after direct transaction costs of	(0.36)	(0.52)	(0.78)	(0.11)	(0.16)
Performance					
Return after charges	(3.84)%	19.22%	(3.85)%	(3.43)%	20.44%
Other information					
Closing net asset value (£'000)	14,720	16,917	15,412	2,361	546
Closing number of units	3,816,479	4,217,493	4,580,921	2,165,136	465,496
Operating charges	1.33%	1.34%	1.34%	0.88%	0.89%
Direct transaction costs	0.09%	0.15%	0.23%	0.09%	0.15%
Prices					
Highest unit price (p)	450.83	403.02	358.64	132.33	121.01
Lowest unit price (p)	382.58	331.53	325.48	112.37	99.16

	1	accumulation	R accumulation			
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Change in net assets per unit (p)						
Opening net asset value per unit	446.82	373.07	386.27	396.18	333.31	347.70
Return before operating charges *	(11.14)	77.27	(9.82)	(9.68)	68.60	(8.80)
Operating charges	(4.10)	(3.52)	(3.38)	(6.71)	(5.73)	(5.59)
Return after operating charges *	(15.24)	73.75	(13.20)	(16.39)	62.87	(14.39)
Distributions	(12.77)	(11.12)	(11.78)	(8.20)	(7.27)	(8.02)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	12.77	11.12	11.78	8.20	7.27	8.02
Closing net asset value per unit	431.58	446.82	373.07	379.79	396.18	333.31
* after direct transaction costs of	(0.41)	(0.58)	(0.87)	(0.36)	(0.51)	(0.78)
Performance						
Return after charges	(3.41)%	19.77%	(3.42)%	(4.14)%	18.86%	(4.14)%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'000)	348,491	405,604	336,429	88,558	107,075	154,633
Closing number of units	80,747,069	90,775,553	90,178,053	23,317,555	27,027,057	46,394,103
Operating charges	0.88%	0.89%	0.89%	1.63%	1.64%	1.64%
Direct transaction costs	0.09%	0.15%	0.23%	0.09%	0.15%	0.23%
Prices						
Highest unit price (p)	504.01	448.93	396.82	444.20	398.07	356.29
Lowest unit price (p)	428.01	367.89	359.65	376.73	328.28	323.22

^{**} Launched on 31 May 2023.

High and low price disclosures are based on quoted unit prices. Therefore, opening and closing NAV prices may fall outside the high/low price threshold.

	S distribution **	S accumulation **
	2025	2025
Change in net assets per unit (p)		
Opening net asset value per unit	100.00	100.00
Return before operating charges *	(8.96)	(8.96)
Operating charges	(0.32)	(0.32)
Return after operating charges *	(9.28)	(9.28)
Distributions	(1.24)	(0.98)
Retained distributions on accumulation units		0.98
Closing net asset value per unit	89.48	90.72
* after direct transaction costs of	(0.09)	(0.09)
Performance		
Return after charges	(9.28)%	(9.28)%
Other information		
Closing net asset value (£'000)	4	5
Closing number of units	5,000	5,000
Operating charges	0.78%	0.78%
Direct transaction costs	0.09%	0.09%
Prices		
Highest unit price (p)	105.93	105.93
Lowest unit price (p)	89.99	89.99

^{**} Launched on 11 November 2024.

High and low price disclosures are based on quoted unit prices. Therefore, opening and closing NAV prices may fall outside the high/low price threshold.

Ongoing charges

Class	7 April 2025
C accumulation	1.330%
l distribution	0.880%
I accumulation	0.880%
R accumulation	1.630%
S distribution *	0.780%
S accumulation *	0.780%

Ongoing charges shows the annual operating expenses of each unit class as a percentage of the average net assets of that class for the preceding 12 months.

Class I accumulation performance

	Since launch *	10 years	5 years	3 years	1 year	6 months
Artemis SmartGARP Global Equity Fund	666.1	112.1	65.7	10.8	(3.6)	(7.7)
MSCI AC World NR GBP	620.8	141.4	72.1	14.3	(3.6)	(8.8)
IA Global NR	502.3	108.3	52.6	5.1	(7.4)	(11.0)
Position in sector Quartile	14/48 2	70/146	58/212	95/250	54/278 1	46/281

Past performance is not a guide to the future.

^{*} Ongoing charges shows the estimated annual operating expenses as a percentage of the average net assets of that class since launch.

^{*} Source: Lipper Limited from 9 September 2002, when Artemis took over management of the fund, to 7 April 2025. Data prior to 7 March 2008 reflects class R accumulation GBP. All figures show total returns with dividends and/or income reinvested, net of all charges. Performance does not take account of any costs incurred when investors buy or sell the fund. Returns may vary as a result of currency fluctuations if the investor's currency is different to that of the class. This class may have charges or a hedging approach different from those in the IA sector benchmark.

Artemis Fund Managers Limited

Cassini House, 57 St James's Street, London SW1A 1LD 6th floor, Exchange Plaza, 50 Lothian Road, Edinburgh EH3 9BY

Client Services 0800 092 2051 Facsimile 0207 643 3708

Website www.artemisfunds.com

